2

1

1

[8]

Mark schemes

Q1.

(a) friction

Variable

Quantity

Acceleration of the trolley

Length of the bench

Total mass of the trolley

Force pulling on the trolley

(c) $\frac{1.58 + 1.53 + 1.54}{3}$ $1.55 \text{ (m/s}^2)$

(d) the acceleration is inversely proportional to the mass allow as the mass increases the acceleration decreases allow negative correlation

(e) $F = 1.5 \times 0.62$ = 0.93 (N)

Q2.

(a) distance

speed

(b) 3200 (m)

(c) $\frac{3200}{\text{average speed}} = \frac{3200}{2000}$ $\text{allow ecf from question } \mathbf{b}$

= 1.6 (m/s)

(d) B

It has the smallest gradient

MP2 is dependent on MP1

(e) gravity

(f) 3.0 m/s

[9]

Q3.

Pa

(a) $W = 25\ 000 \times 9.8$ = 245 000 (N)

(b) $p = \frac{1960000}{49}$

= 40 000 1

1

(c) B

(d)
$$a = \frac{1.3 - 0.7}{5.0}$$

 $= 0.12 (m/s^2)$

1

(e)
$$\frac{0.21}{0.84} \times 100$$

1

25%

1

(f) force (applied to the spring) = spring constant × extension
 or
 F = k × e

1

(g)
$$336 = k \times 0.21$$

1

$$\frac{336}{0.21} = k$$

1

$$k = 1600 (N/m)$$

1

(h)
$$v^2 - 0 = 2 \times 9.8 \times 0.95$$

1

$$v^2 = 18.62$$

allow $v = \sqrt{(18.62)}$

$$v = 4.3150...$$

1

$$= 4.3 (m/s)$$

allow an answer correctly rounded to 2 significant figures from an incorrect calculation which uses the values in the question

[18]

1

1

1

1

1

Q4.

(a) 0 (N)

1

the child isn't accelerating (vertically)

MP2 dependent on MP1

or

upwards forces are equal to the downwards forces allow forces are balanced

(b) work done = force × distance

or

$$W = F \times s$$

(c) $35 = F \times 2.8$

$$F = \frac{35}{2.8}$$

F = 12.5 (N)

allow 13 (N)

(d) the resistive force has decreased

allow friction (between the wheels and the floor) has decreased

so the resultant force increases

(e) moment = force × distance

or

$$M = F \times d$$

1

(f) 7.5 cm = 0.075 m

 $M = 2.0 \times 0.075$

allow a correct substitution of an incorrectly / not converted value of d

M = 0.15 (Nm)

allow an answer consistent with an incorrectly / not converted value of d

(g) gear B rotates in the opposite direction (to gear A)

or

gear B rotates clockwise

0

gear B rotates faster than gear A

(because) gear A exerts a force on gear B

or

(because) gear A causes a moment about the pivot of gear B

[14]

1

Q5.

(a) kinetic

1

thermal

this order only

(b) (minimum braking) distance increases with increasing speed

allow positive correlation

1

(c) increases

1

(d) 12.5 - 5.0 = 7.5 (m/s)

1

$$t = \frac{7.5}{0.25}$$

this mark may be awarded if the change in velocity is incorrectly calculated

1

t = 30 (s)

allow a correctly calculated answer using a change in velocity incorrectly

calculated

1

(e) $F = 1600 \times 0.25$

1

$$F = 400 (N)$$

1

(f) initial height of the ruler above the person's hand

(g) there will be more variation in distances

allow reaction times for distances

allow the three students tested are not typical

1

(h) carry out the experiment listening to music

1

then not listening to music (and compare the results)

allow compare with original results

[13]

1

1

1

1

Q6.

(a) 7.1 (cm)

allow 7.0 to 7.3 (cm)

497 (m)

allow 70 × their measurement of displacement

(b) 0 (N)

(c) constant velocity

allow constant speed (in a straight line) do **not** accept stationary allow constant acceleration if a **mathematical error** in (b) gives a non-zero value for resultant force

(d) any **one** from:

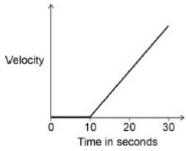
- tension
- normal contact (force)
- upthrust

allow lift, thrust and water resistance allow normal reaction (force) ignore drag

(e) horizontal line drawn to 10s along the *x*-axis

line with a positive gradient starting from 10 s

allow an upward curving line with
increasing gradient starting from 10 s



	(f)	line of best fit drawn and extrapolated	to 10 km	
		do not accept a straight lin	ne 1	
		20 (LD-)	•	
		28 (kPa) allow 26 to 32 (kPa)		
		allow a value correctly extr	apolated	
		from their line	.,	
		allow 2 marks for a correct		
		mathematically extrapolate	ed value 1	
	(a)	the average density of the air above th	o agrapiano docroasos	
	(g)	the average density of the air above th	e aeropiane decreases	
			[1	10]
Q7	7.			
	(a)	gravitational force	1	
			•	
	(b)	air resistance	1	
	(-)	the annulation of the best of the second		
	(c)	the resultant force on the hailstones is	2010	
	(d)	line extrapolated to 80 mm		
	(u)	allow a straight line		
		3 1 1 1 3 1	1	
		46 (m/s)		
		allow 44 – 48 but not if inc	onsistent with their	
		extrapolated line	1	
			•	
	(e)	it has a greater weight	1	
	(5)	0.40 (41)		
	(f)	0.48 (N)	1	
	(a)	Unwordo		
	(g)	upwards <i>allow up</i>		
		ignore north		
		-	1	
				[8]

Q8.

- (a) any **two** from:
 - capacity of the battery

 allow energy/charge stored in battery
 allow efficiency of battery
 ignore size of the battery
 - speed
 - mass / weight
 - uphill / downhill

allow terrain

- stopping at traffic lights
- · condition of the road

ignore 'the road' only

- (air) temperature ignore 'weather' only
- (incorrect) tyre pressure
- streamlining of the car

allow efficiency of engine allow anything that would use charge from the battery **or**

anything that will reduce the energy stored

(b) acceleration = change in velocity/time (taken)

or

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$$

allow any correct rearrangement

allow
$$a = \frac{v - u}{t}$$

do **not** accept $a = \frac{v}{t}$

(c)
$$20 = \frac{28}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{28}{20}$$

1.4 s

1

1

1

2

[13]

(d)
$$V^2 - 0^2 = 2 \times 10 \times 605$$
 $V^2 = 12\ 100$

1

 $V = 110\ (\text{m/s})$

1

(e) work done = force × distance

or

 $W = Fs$
 $allow\ any\ correct\ rearrangement$

1

(f) $S = 7500\ (\text{m})$
 $W = 4000 \times 7500$
 $allow\ correct\ substitution\ using\ incorrectly\ /\ not\ converted\ value\ of\ s$

1

 $W = 30\ 000\ 000\ (\text{J})$
 $allow\ correct\ calculation\ using\ incorrectly\ /\ not\ converted\ value\ of\ s$